

BAND KEEPS ORDER ON BURNING BOAT

Sister Ship of Ill-fated General Slocum Catches Fire While in the Narrows.

ALL PASSENGERS LANDED IN SAFETY AT PIER

Prompt Action of Captain and Purser Prevents Panic Among Passengers, and Music Makes Children Oblivious of Danger—Crowd on Shore Watches Steamers' Race for Life.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, July 6.—The old wooden three-decker General Republic, a sister ship of the ill-fated excursion steamer General Slocum, caught fire this afternoon while passing through the Narrows on her way to New York from Far Rockaway and hurried full steam ahead, with her whistle blowing a continuous succession of short nervous blasts and a plume of smoke trailing behind her, for the Crescent Athletic Club per on the Brooklyn shore.

Her forty-five passengers were all landed safely, and the fire was extinguished with \$2,500 damage, but there was great alarm in the city and on the harbor until the full details were known.

Slocum Disaster Recalled.
Everybody remembered how a little more than six years ago the General Slocum caught fire in the East river when crowded with 1,500 pleasure seekers—mostly women and children—and was burned to the water edge with 938 drowned, crashed or baked alive.

Today as the fire started, nobody knows how in the galley just about the starboard paddle wheel, and spread quickly through the wooden superstructure, there was no panic. The women were badly frightened, but the crew had no trouble in keeping them in hand, and the children were so pleased with the music of the band which kept playing bravely throughout the dash for shore that they never knew their danger.

Passengers Landed Quickly.
The calls for aid from the Grand Republic brought fire boats, tugs, steamers and a Brooklyn fire engine to the pier and the passengers were quickly put ashore and the fire extinguished.

Thousands of people had gathered along the shores to watch the blazing vessel.

Captain Carmen, when the fire was discovered, directed the engineer, who was sticking to his post in a smoke-filled engine room, to keep up as much steam as possible and put on full speed.

Prompt Action by Officers.
Captain Carmen, and Purser John McConaghy by prompt action quelled what seemed for a few minutes would likely develop into a serious panic. Children and women alike began to scream for help, but as the shores at the point where the fire was discovered were close by, the fear of the passengers were quieted.

Life preservers were handed out to the people as fast as they could be taken down from the racks, and for a time it looked as if many of those who had life preservers on would jump overboard.

Children were lost in the general excitement, but were restored to their parents after the vessel had docked. Captain Carmen ordered the band to play until told to stop. The work of getting the people off the boat was done quickly and without mishap.

TEMPLE ABERNATHY HAS NARROW ESCAPE

Youngster Who Rode from Oklahoma to Meet Roosevelt Falls Beneath Auto.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, July 6.—The Abernathy boys, Louis and Temple, who rode horseback from Oklahoma to New York to greet Colonel Roosevelt left for their home today in a run-about automobile with Temple at the wheel. Marshall Abernathy accompanied the youngsters in a touring car.

Father and boys called on Colonel Roosevelt at his office here this morning to bid him goodbye. The colonel was entertaining a party of friends from Colorado, but upon being informed

ed who was waiting to see him he had them ushered in at once and introduced them as "his Marshall and his two boys."

Temple Has Narrow Escape.
POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 6.—Temple Abernathy had a narrow escape from serious injury here tonight. In company with his father, John R. Abernathy, and his brother Louis, aged nine, Temple arrived at the Nelson house early this evening. He rode with his father in an automobile and Louis drove a second car. As Temple jumped from his father's car the second machine ran upon the sidewalk, knocking him down and he went under the machine, but the wheels did not pass over him. He was pulled out somewhat bruised and assisted into the hotel by his father. Although quite lame, young Abernathy is not seriously hurt. He will resume their journey tomorrow, expecting to reach Utica at night.

JEFFRIES REFUSES TO SEE EVEN FRIENDS

Beaten Fighter, Bruised, Depressed and Silent, Secludes Himself in Oakland Hotel.

OAKLAND, CAL., July 6.—James J. Jeffries arrived in Oakland today. He was accompanied by his wife, brother and a number of intimate friends. He was taken to a hotel and immediately secluded himself.

He refused to see any visitors, even declining to see personal friends. Jeffries will leave for Los Angeles tomorrow afternoon and go at once to his ranch. The big fighter bears the scars of his encounter with Johnson.

FUNERAL AT SORRENTO

Distinguished Throng Gathers at Chief Justice Fuller's Bier.

TAKING BODY TO CHICAGO

Another Service Will Be Held at Graceland Cemetery Chapel Before Venerable Jurist is Laid to Rest Beside His Wife.

(By Associated Press.)
SORRENTO, ME., July 6.—In the Episcopal church of the Redeemer, and only a short distance from "Main, stay" where the venerable jurist had passed so many quiet and pleasant summers, was held this afternoon the funeral service of the late Melville Weston Fuller, chief justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. The church was thronged with relatives, men of national prominence and summer residents of Sorrento, Bar Harbor and neighboring resorts. The body of the chief justice in a black casket almost covered with ferns and flowers, rested in front of the altar and was surrounded by floral tributes from relatives and friends, including a beautiful piece from President Taft, who found it impossible to be present.

According to the wishes of the late chief justice the funeral service, of the Episcopal church ritual was read by the Reverend James E. Freeman, of Minneapolis, who is in charge of the church of the Redeemer and is a close friend of the Fuller family. A quartette from Bar Harbor sang "Lead, Kindly Light," "Nearer, My God to Thee," and "Peace, Perfect Peace," favorite hymns of Justice Fuller.

Distinguished Pall Bearers.

The pall bearers were Governor Hughes of New York, Associate Justices Oliver Wendell Holmes and Joseph McKenna, of the United States Supreme Court; United States Senator Eugene Hale; General Thomas H. Hubbard, of New York, and Nathaniel L. Francis of Washington a son-in-law of the justice.

With the exception of Mrs. Francis, none of the five daughters were able to be present at the service here.

Another Service at Chicago.

Following the services the body, accompanied by the members of the family, Associate Justices Holmes and McKenna, Governor Hughes and the Reverend Mr. Freeman, was taken on a steamer to Mount Desert ferry where the connection was made with the late afternoon express which reaches Boston at 5:30 o'clock tomorrow morning. From there the body will be taken to Chicago, where another service, conducted by Reverend Mr. Freeman, will be held in Graceland cemetery chapel at 2:30 o'clock Friday afternoon.

The body will be buried beside that of Mrs. Fuller, who died here six years ago. The funeral party will be joined in Chicago by the other members of the late Chief Justice's family and by additional members of the United States Supreme Court.

PICTURES UNDER BAN ALL OVER COUNTRY

Governor Mann Calls Upon Virginia Mayors to Prohibit Reproduction of Fight.

SYNDICATE WILL MAKE APPEAL TO THE COURTS

Right of Executives to Stop Shows Quest One—Atlanta Council, Taking No Chances, Enacts Prohibitory Ordinance—Louisiana Legislature Takes Hand in Movement.

(By Associated Press.)
RICHMOND, VA., July 6.—Pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson fight in Reno will not be shown anywhere in Virginia if Governor Mann can prevent it.

The chief executive made this plain Wednesday, when he replied to a telegram from William Shaw, General Secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, of Boston.

Mr. Shaw's message asking the governor to lend his aid in preventing the showing of the pictures anywhere in the country follows:

"Race riots and murder many places followed announcement of Johnson's victory in prize fight."

"These results will be multiplied many fold by moving pictures exhibitions."

"Will you join other governors in recommending prohibition of these demoralizing shows. Save our young people. Wire answer."

Immediately after receiving this message, Governor Mann, who holds some decided views about prize fights, sent the following answer:

"I am opposed to the exhibition of moving pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson prize fight and will join governors in recommending prohibition of them."

Later Governor Mann gave out the following as a message to the people to let citizens all over Virginia know how he felt about the planned exhibitions:

Should Not Have Occurred.

"What has already occurred in many places ought to be a sufficient warning against the exhibition of moving pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson prize fight which I think should be prohibited everywhere and which I trust will be done by every town and city in Virginia."

"The fight should never have occurred, but now that it is over amusement companies and newspapers ought to let it rest, and the good people in every community should see that this is done. Thoughtful men will take a lesson from what has just occurred, and I hope realize the necessity of avoiding and preventing all needless irritation."

"The welfare and safety of every community rests in having for its government good laws based on great moral principles, and in the wise impartial enforcement of these laws. I trust every executive officer of the State will see to their execution. I assure them that they will have my prompt and hearty co-operation, and whenever necessary my help."

PICTURE SYNDICATE WILL RESORT TO THE COURTS

Right of Cities to Prohibit Shows May Be Tested in Many States.

(By Associated Press.)
PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 6.—That the moving picture syndicate owning the Johnson-Jeffries fight film will resort to the courts of the several states to determine their right to produce the pictures was indicated here today when one of the best known moving picture men in the country who has a big interest in the syndicate said that the agitation against the displaying of the pictures would be fought.

He said that too much money has been invested by the syndicate which represents twelve different interests to stand by and let the fight pictures be prohibited without making a contest to determine the right of city authorities to stop the display. The pictures, it was further announced, would be placed on public view in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and several other cities on July 18.

Mayor Reburn said today that there will be no interference with the pictures in this city.

No Interference at Roanoke.
ROANOKE, VA., July 6.—Mayor J. H. Catlett of Roanoke, today declared that he will not offer any interference to the exhibition here of the Johnson-Jeffries prize fight pictures in this city. None of Roanoke's moving picture shows admit colored people

and the larger theatres will not give exhibitions for negroes.

Atlanta Takes No Chances.
ATLANTA, July 6.—By practically unanimous vote the Atlanta city council today passed an ordinance prohibiting the production here of moving pictures of prize fights, the penalty for violation being \$500 fine, 30 days imprisonment and the forfeiture of the offending theater's license.

Barred at San Francisco.
SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Mayor P. H. McCarthy announced today that under no circumstances would the exhibition of the moving pictures of the Johnson and Jeffries fight be permitted in San Francisco.

Governor Marshall Opposed.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., July 6.—Governor Thomas R. Marshall today said he was opposed to the exhibition of the Johnson-Jeffries fight pictures in Indiana. "If there is any law to prevent the exhibition, it will be enforced," said the governor.

Arrests Ordered.
NEW ORLEANS, July 6.—Mayor Bertram today issued an order to the chief of police to arrest the proprietor of any theater attempting to show the moving pictures of the Jeffries and Johnson fight. He also directed that the license of any such theater be cancelled.

Barred in Boston.
BOSTON, July 6.—Mayor Fitzgerald stated positively this afternoon that he would not allow the Johnson-Jeffries pictures to be shown in Boston.

Richmond Board Acts.
RICHMOND, VA., July 6.—The police commissioners of the city held a meeting tonight and decided to instruct the chief of police to prevent a showing of the Johnson-Jeffries fight pictures in Richmond.

Illinois in Line.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Governor Chas. S. Deneen, of Illinois, today declared that he would join the governors of other States in a national effort to bring about the suppression of the Jeffries-Johnson fight pictures.

Legislature Acts.

BATON ROUGE, LA., July 6.—The House of Representatives passed a resolution tonight urging the mayors and police authorities of all towns and cities of Louisiana to prohibit by ordinance or otherwise the showing of moving pictures of the Johnson-Jeffries prize fight.

WYOMING GOVERNOR WON'T ALLOW FIGHT

Johnson Wants to Meet Langford at Cheyenne for \$20,000 Bet. Given Ovation.

(By Associated Press.)
CHEYENNE, WYO., July 6.—Governor Brooks tonight said that he would not permit Johnson and Langford to fight in Wyoming; neither would he allow any other big fights in the State.

"If Sam Langford, the Boston fighter, will put up a side bet of twenty thousand dollars, the heavyweight champion, Jack Johnson will fight him in Cheyenne during the great frontier celebration in the latter part of August or a month later."

Johnson made this statement today when his train pulled in from Reno enroute to Cheyenne.

For half an hour Johnson was given the greatest friendly demonstration he has received since the fight. A crowd of more than 5,000, including a thousand negro soldiers of the Ninth Cavalry from Fort Wadsworth, almost mobbed the champion's private car, the crowd greeting the champion with wild yells and waving of hats. Flowers were showered on him and the crowd forced their way into Johnson's car to shake hands with him. A number of women in the crowd fainted as a result of the crush.

Governor Would Like to See It.

CHEYENNE, WYO., July 6.—There is now show for the fight here during the Cheyenne frontier celebration," said the Governor when told of the talk about a Johnson and Langford match.

"Wyoming laws forbid it, and I will see that the laws are enforced. Personally, I am not opposed to the sport and I should enjoy seeing the match, but the law forbids such fights. When I took the oath of office to uphold the laws, I meant it."

Langford Wants Two to One.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—When told that Jack Johnson had offered to fight him if he would put up a side bet of \$20,000, Sam Langford said: "My first name is 'Bet' and I'll fight Johnson at any time and place. As he is the champion, though, the odds should be 2 to 1. I would put up \$10,000 through Joe Woodman, tomorrow against \$20,000 of Johnson's money. I will force him to meet me in the ring."

HOLDS REPUBLICAN PARTY RESPONSIBLE

Roosevelt Discusses Defeat of Direct Primary Bill in Signed Article.

DOES NOT BELIEVE MOVEMENT IS CHECKED

Right of Voters to Nominate Within the Ranks of Their Organization Is Necessary Under Our Form of Government—Leaders Must Lead, Not Drive.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, July 6.—Ex-President Roosevelt deals with Governor Hughes, the New York legislature and primary reform in a signed editorial article in the current number of the "Outlook." Mr. Roosevelt writes in part as follows:

"I believe that Governor Hughes has been supported by the bulk of the wisest and most disinterested public opinion as regards most of his measures and positions, and I think that this has been markedly the case as regards direct primary nominations. I know that many honest and sincere men are on principle opposed to Governor Hughes on this point, and I know also that the proposed reform will very positively accomplish less than its extreme advocates expect; while I am well aware, as of course all thinking men must be, that the worth of any measure in the last resort depends upon the character of the voters and that no patent device will ever secure good government unless the people themselves devote sufficient energy, time, and judgment to make the device work."

"Finally, I freely admit that here and there where the principle of direct nomination has been applied in too crude shape, or wrong-headed, it has, while abolishing certain evils, produced or accentuated others—in certain cases, for instance, putting a premium upon the lavish expenditure of money."

Feels Governor is Right.

"But while I freely admit all this, I nevertheless feel, in the first place, that on the fundamental issue of direct primary nominations the governor is right, and, in the second place, that, as the measure finally came up for action in the State legislature it was well nigh free from all objections save those of the men who object to it because they are fundamentally opposed to any change whatever in the desired direction."

Party Is Responsible.

"The Republican party was in the majority in both houses of the legislature which refused to carry out the Republican governor's recommendations; and, although it was only a minority of the Republican members which brought about this refusal, the party cannot escape a measure of responsibility for the failure."

"Those who believe that by their action they have definitely checked the movement for direct popular primaries are, in my judgment, mistaken. In its essence, this is a movement to make the government more democratic, more responsive to the needs and wishes of the people as a whole. With our political machinery, it is essential to have an efficient party, but the machinery ought to be suited to democratic and not to oligarchic customs and habits."

Right Guaranteed Voters.

"Under our system of party government, the voters should be guaranteed the right to determine within the ranks of their respective organizations who the candidates of the parties will be, no less than the right to choose between the candidates when the candidates are presented to them. There is no desire to break down the responsibility of party organization under duly constituted party leadership, but there is a desire to make this responsibility real and to give the members of the party the right to say whom they desire to execute this leadership."

Should Lead, Not Drive.

"In New York State no small part of the strength of the movement has come from the popular conviction that many of the men most prominent in party leadership tend at times to forget that in a democracy the function of a political leader must normally be to lead, not to drive. We, the men who compose the great bulk of the community, wish to govern ourselves. We welcome leadership, but we wish our leaders to understand that they derive their strength from us, and that although we look to them for guidance, we expect this guidance to

be in accordance with our interests and our ideals.

"I believe that the people of New York State will in the end insist on taking a more direct part in the nomination of candidates, because I believe that they will grow more and to insist on just the kind of guidance and leadership that I have mentioned."

NEGROES JAILED FOR ATTACK ON SOLDIER

Artilleryman Scott Stabbed and Probably Fatally Wounded on Night of Prize Fight

(By Associated Press.)
ALEXANDRIA, VA., July 6.—Charged with stabbing, probably fatally, Frank S. Scott, a private in the Third United States Field Artillery, Robert Jackson and seven other negroes were arrested tonight and placed in jail.

The stabbing took place in a crowded suburban car between Washington and this city on the night of the Jeffries-Johnson prize fight, and in the ensuing riot several other white passengers were more or less seriously injured.

Scott was slashed across the abdomen and it was announced at Fort Myer tonight that his chances for recovery were small. Should he succumb to his wound the charge of assault with intent to kill, now lodged against Jackson, will be changed to one of murder.

KINGADE'S LAST RUN

Well Known Auto Driver Killed Beneath Car.

GOES OVER EMBANKMENT

Caught Under Wreckage on Indianapolis Speedway, Unfortunate Man Meets Instant Death—Last Notable Victory Was at Atlanta.

(By Associated Press.)
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., July 6.—Thomas Kneade, a well known automobile driver was killed at the Indianapolis motor speedway today. He was on the track when the car, a National, ran off the high embankment at the Southeast corner of the course. He was caught beneath the wreck.

Kneade had been employed by the National Motor Vehicle Company for several years and during the last two years had been engaged exclusively in driving racing cars. He drove a National car in the speedway races this week, his last public appearance being on July 4, when he started in the two hundred mile race for the Cobe trophy.

His last notable victory was at Atlanta early this year when he and his driving partner, Johnny Aitkin, won a two hundred mile race on the two mile race course.

COLONEL WATERSON BELIEVES SON INSANE

Louisville Editor Confers With District Attorney at Kingston—May Ask for Commission.

(By Associated Press.)
KINGSTON, N. Y., July 6.—When Colonel Henry Waterson of Louisville, Ky., arrived here this afternoon he did not go near his son Ewing, who is in jail charged with shooting Michael J. Martin, a Sangerites, a saloon keeper, but conferred with Wm. D. Brinlier, his counsel. He was in communication over the telephone with District Attorney Cunningham, at Ellenville, who later said that his attitude will be in accord with that of the colonel, if the present situation remains unchanged.

This statement, in conjunction with the fact that no application has been made for the release of Ewing Waterson on bail, is taken to indicate that Colonel Waterson believes his son insane and that he will approve of an application by the district attorney for a commission of lunacy to examine into his son's sanity.

Colonel Waterson left his attorneys office much depressed and took a train for New York. He would make no statement. The examination of his son on the charge of felonious assault will take place tomorrow.

LATIN AMERICANS RESENT U. S. POLICY

Rumor Says Concerted Protest Will be Made at International Conference.

SOME SAID TO FAVOR PROTECTIVE ALLIANCE

Venezuelan Government, in Spite of Denials, Reported to be Leader in Movement—Madrid's Objection to United States' Interference at Bluefields a Factor in Situation.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, July 6.—That at least three and perhaps more of the Central and South American Republics will make a concerted protest of some kind at the coming international conference of American States at Buenos Ayres against the Central American policy of the United States is the possibility being discussed in diplomatic circles here.

Rumors to this effect have been persistent of late in quarters usually well informed, and some responsible Latin American representatives admitted their approximate truth, though none would permit himself to be quoted. The rumors have led to lively exchange of information among the Central and South American diplomats here. Officials of the state department are known to be watching the situation closely.

Latin-American Alliance?

Some of the more radical of the Spanish-Americans are said to be in favor of a Latin-American alliance against the United States. It is generally conceded, however, that formal action of this nature is unlikely.

The most that can be regarded as probable is that the Republics interested will give the United States to understand diplomatically that the principles represented in the attitude of this government on the east coast of Nicaragua will not be accepted willingly as a part of the International law of the Americas.

Venezuela a Leader.

Notwithstanding a recent statement by the Venezuelan government on the subject, it is still reported here that the Venezuelan delegates will be the leaders in protesting against the attitude of the United States and that at least two other governments will share the responsibility of the movement.

Doubts exist in Washington as to just what steps of the American government have been distasteful to the sister republics. The only concrete point mentioned in this connection was first raised by Madrid, president of the government at Managua, when he protested against the action of American marines in preventing an attack by the Madrid forces upon the city of Bluefields. This was done on the ground that American interests are extensive there and followed the precedent of the British government in prohibiting fighting in Greytown on similar grounds. Later the Venezuelans were prohibited by the American officials from firing on Bluefields.

"According to international law" said Madrid in a note to the American consul at Managua. "No neutral government may impede or disturb in time of war legitimate military operations of belligerents. Foreigners equally with nationals are subject to the contingencies of these operations."

Madrid not only meant this to be communicated to the American government, but has protested to every Central and South American government against the attitude of the United States.

On the diplomacy of the American delegates to the conference may depend largely the outcome of the matter.

AGED PHYSICIAN NOMINATED.

Democrats of Third North Carolina District in All Night Session.

(By Associated Press.)
RALEIGH, N. C., July 6.—Dr. John M. Falson, of Warsaw, Duplin county, today was nominated for congress by the Democratic convention of the Third North Carolina district. The convention which was held at Goldsboro, began Tuesday, the nomination being made on the 44th ballot after an all night session. There were five candidates in the race, one of them the present congressman, Charles R. Thomas, of Newbern. Dr. Falson is about sixty years old and is a practicing physician. While active in politics he has never held office.

Representative Edward W. Pote, of Smithfield, Johnston county, was unanimously renominated for congress today by the Democratic convention of the Fourth North Carolina district. Congressman John H. Small, was unanimously renominated today as a candidate for congress by the Democratic convention at Edenton, of the First North Carolina district.